





# **EVENING BULLETIN.**

FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 19, 1857.

**MYSTERY'S DISAPPEARANCE.**—Col. William Ash, of Franklin county, Georgia, left home in January last for Kentucky, with three thousand dollars, to purchase mules. When last heard from, he was at Smith's Landing, near Nashville, and it is feared he has been murdered for his money. Col. A. has represented his county for a number of years in the General Assembly of the State.

**QUICK TRIP.**—The bark Ionic, Capt. Wood, arrived at Savannah, from Matanzas, in four days. Business at Matanzas is exceedingly dull, and there were in port upwards of fifty vessels, nearly all of which would clear in ballast. This dullness in business was caused by the high prices of sugar and molasses at that port.

**The Governor of Indiana** has appointed Wm. A. Morrison Adjutant General of the State.

**ONE OF THE HORSE TRADES.**—The Post is responsible for the following good one:

Tompkins bought a fine horse—paid \$300 for him. The horse, after a few months, proved to be lame in the right shoulder—Tompkins was distressed about it. Tried all sorts of remedies—embrocations, liniments, Mustang included, under the advice of the very best veterinarians, still the lameness was obstinate and grew rather worse. He became desperate, and hit upon this device to sell the horse. He drove an ugly tenpenny nail plump into the right forefoot, and left it there for ten days; when he led the tortured animal limping to a neighboring blacksmith to be shod. The blacksmith was a dealer in horses and quite a jockey in his way. After a while Tompkins called at the shop for his horse. "That's a splendid gelding of yours, Mr. Tompkins—pity he's so lame," says the blacksmith. "He is, indeed," replied Tompkins—"But he is very lame, and I am afraid he can't be cured." "Perhaps not and may be he can," says Vulcan. "How much would you be willing to take for him, just as he stands, Mr. Tompkins, money down?" "Ah, well, I don't know what to say to that. If he is cured, he is worth all I paid for him, and even much more, as horses go now; but if his lameness should continue, you see he is worth nothing—not a dollar." The blacksmith began to chaffer. First he offered \$50; then \$100; and at last \$200 for the animal. Tompkins was persuaded, and accepted the last offer. The money was paid and the horse delivered on the spot. "Now," says the blacksmith, "as the bargain is finished, I will be frank with you, Mr. Tompkins. I suppose I can tell you just exactly what I shall do to him." "Can you?" says Tompkins, "well I shall be glad to hear it. I thought you must know all about it, or you would not have paid me so much money for him." The blacksmith produced the nail and assured Tompkins, with great apparent satisfaction, that, while paring down the horse's hoofs, he had found that infernal little piece of iron, and drawn it out of the frog of the near fore foot. "Is that all you know about it?" Tompkins asked very quietly. "All isn't that enough, for conscience sake?" "Well," replied Tompkins, "I don't know as it is. I will be equally frank with you, since the bargain is finished. I drove that nail into the foot, but the lameness is in the shoulder, I think you will find."

As soon as any one of the ethical professors at Cambridge can find a moment's relief from the spiritual-rapidity which Mr. Tompkins and his friend would be delighted to receive a learned opinion from old Harvard upon the question of comparative roguery between the parties to this horse trade.

**FEMALE OFFICE-BEGGARS.**—Washington, June 7. There are some strange scenes, which may amuse an outsider here, in the operations of the office-beggars. There is no rest for their importunities. They keep a close watch on all the dispensers of Government bounty. They waylay them in private places, and they even besiege them in their homes. Their arts are pretty well known abroad; but there is one feature in their operations that is a stranger to political manners in Washington. First, confess they are not prepared for this. This is the large number of females employed in the character of office-beggars. It is quite a little stroke of policy on the part of the tender pleadings and eloquent arts of the softer sex. The fair petitioners show the bachelor President no mercy; and in the ante-rooms of some of the Departments, too, you may see any number of interesting females, from the ages of sixteen to sixty, demurely waiting to prefer their suits.

At almost every daily reception of the office-beggars by Mr. Buchanan, there may be observed one or two ladies in black, wearing the most mournful countenances and keeping modestly in the corners of the room, who, you may be sure, are primed for an affecting appeal to Mr. Buchanan about the overruling necessities of their family matters, which require him to provide for some dear husband or hopeful son. But the ante-room of the Department of the Interior, somehow or other, is especially beset by the female office-beggars; and the accomplished and amiable manners which peculiarly distinguish Mr. Thompson in his official station, as well as in the private circle, seem to have drawn upon him at times the attention of the gallant and frazzled party. "The ladies first," is his standing order for all visitors, and there is no exception, even for the big politicians.

Happening in the other day to see the Secretary, and while waiting in the ante-room, I was amused at a rather drolery lady, who was evidently on an office-beggar's errand, and who was constantly occupied with wetting her fingers and smoothing her hair down in front, preparatory, I suppose, to appearing in the august presence. On a sudden, a blooming girl of no more than seventeen summers, rushed into the room, all aglow with excitement, and waving, with an air of triumph, a folded slip of foolscap, which she designated, to the elderly lady, who, it appeared, was her companion, as "her death warrant." After spelling and titling over the aforesaid document, which looked suspiciously like a clerical appointment, the old lady mustered up courage and advanced with quite an air of expectation into the Secretary's room on her own errand. In the space of a very few minutes, she returned in a very collapsed state—"Well, what did he say?" whispered the young lady. "He was mighty polite," replied the old one; "but, Lord, that ain't nothing."

A very good story is told of one of the Cabinet officers. He was just got out of bed at an early hour in the morning, and before commencing his toilette, stepped into his parlor, which adjoined, when he was suddenly brought up by finding himself face to face with an interesting female, who had been patiently awaiting him, and who had determined to be ahead of all the office-beggars. There is said to have been a sudden vanishing of the figure in the ghostly night-shirt, while the lady screamed "murder," of course, at the apparition.

Cor. of the South.

**MASONIC NOTICE.**—T. N. Wise, Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky, publishes the following notice to the members of the fraternity in the State, with a request that the papers friendly to the order notice it:

Having accepted an invitation from the President of the Clay Monument Association to lay with appropriate Masonic ceremonies the corner-stone of the Monument about to be erected to the memory of the distinguished Henry Clay, at the particular request of said Association, I hereby invite the Masonic fraternity of the State of Kentucky, generally, to assist me on that interesting occasion, which will take place on the 4th day of July next at the city of Lexington. Brethren are requested to attend with their proper Masonic clothing.

T. N. WISE,  
Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ky.

A poor sailor, wrecked on an unknown coast, wandered about in momentary apprehension of being seized by savages, when he suddenly came in sight of a galleon. "Ah," said he, "thank God I'm in a Christian country."

**LARGE LAND SPECULATION IN SOUTHEAST MISSOURI.**—We find the following extraordinary case of land speculation given by the New Madrid (Mo.) Times. Southeast Missouri is waking up under the manipulation of St. Louis enterprise:

The price of land in Mississippi county, Mo., is getting high—instance, a large landholder, who is a dashing and gorgeous fellow (from St. Louis we believe) the other day, one thousand acres for \$100 an acre. The pious St. Louisian purchaser, not satisfied with a small purchase, borrowed a mule from the very fortunate land-seller, and \$100 in cash, as his money was on deposit, to ride to see another farmer a few miles off. And this is the last that has been seen of the land-buyer. Land is, indeed, very high in Mississippi county! But, in the language of an auctioneer, mules and money go off better.

## **OFFICIAL.**

### **BOARD OF ALDERMEN.**

THURSDAY EVENING, June 18, 1857.

Present.—E. D. Weatherford, President, and all the members except Alderman Showell.

An ordinance from the Common Council, regulating the skinning of dumb brutes which die within the city limits, was read and referred to Revision Committee.

On motion, the Common Council amendment to a resolution of this Board, instructing the Mayor to contract for improving sidewalks on Market and Jefferson streets, was concurred in, and the same adopted as amended.

A report was read from James Kirkpatrick, showing the number of public gas lamps not lighted during the month of May, which was referred to Revision Committee.

The bond of Wm. Cross, collector of railroad taxes, Eastern District, with W. O. Smith, J. D. Selva, W. L. McPherson, W. P. Campbell, Fred. Frisbie, Benoni Figg, and John Feigler as his sureties, was presented, and after being examined, on motion of Alderman Rousseau was approved.

A contract executed by Holborn & Gay, to rebuild Broadway bridge, was presented, read, and referred to Committee on Public Works.

An appropriation in favor of L. H. King, for grading and paving sidewalks on Market street between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets, was referred to Street Committee, Western District, and thereupon, on motion of Alderman Howard, a resolution was adopted receiving said work.

An appropriation in favor of John Keegan for grading and paving sidewalk, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets, was referred to the Street Committee of the Western District, and thereupon, on motion of Alderman Howard, a resolution was adopted receiving the work.

A contract, executed by W. P. Hahn, to construct a section of the southern sewer from Third to Fifth street, was referred to the Committee on Public Works.

Alderman Weatherford, from the Street Committee of the Eastern District, reported a resolution from the Common Council approving the grade for Water street, between First and Second, and also for Second street, between First and Second, which resolutions were severally adopted.

Alderman Weatherford, from the same, presented a remonstrance from R. K. White and others against the passage of an ordinance from the Common Council to grade and pave the sidewalks on Clay street, between Chestnut and Gray, which was referred to the Street Committee of the Eastern District.

Alderman Weatherford, from the same, reported a resolution from the Common Council approving the street hands of the Eastern District \$399 25 for work from the 14th to the 28th of May, which was adopted.

Alderman Weatherford, from the same, reported an ordinance from the Common Council to grade and pave the sidewalks on the north side of Broadway, from Preston to Shelby street, with an amendment to strike out "Shelby" and insert in lieu thereof "Jackson," which was concurred in, the rules suspended, and said ordinance passed as amended.

Alderman Howard, from the Street Committee of the Western District, reported a resolution from the Common Council approving the appropriation for grading and bowldering High street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth, B. McAtee contractor, which was adopted.

Alderman Howard, from the same, reported a resolution approving the appropriation in favor of L. H. King for grading and paving the sidewalks on the west side of Tenth street, between Magazine and Broadway, which was adopted.

Alderman Burton, from the Committee on Public Works, reported a resolution, authorizing the Mayor to contract with some suitable person to construct a wooden sewer under the embankment across Beargrass creek at First street, at a cost not to exceed \$500, which was adopted.

Alderman Burton, by leave, introduced a resolution appropriating the sum of \$290 per month to the Louisville Board of Underwriters to enable them to render efficient service with the steam fire-engine, which was adopted.

Alderman Rousseau, from the Revision Committee, to whom was referred a petition from Captain John Shalleross, reported an ordinance regulating the transportation of wagons, drays, and other vehicles by the ferry boats passing from Louisville to Jeffersonville, Indiana, which was read, rule suspended, and passed.

Alderman Weatherford, from the Committee on Sinking Fund, to whom was referred a resolution from the Common Council authorizing the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund to retire ten of the school bonds, reported as a substitute an ordinance authorizing the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund to purchase ten city bonds, which was read, rule suspended, and passed.

Alderman Rousseau, from the Revision Committee, reported an ordinance ordering to be opened Thompson street in the town of Portland, which was read, rule suspended, and passed.

### **JOINT SESSION.**

The two boards assembled, when the Louisville Daily Journal and the Anzeiger were duly elected city printers on the first ballot.

Nat. Dubuys was re-elected quarryman at the Workhouse.

On motion, the Joint Session then arose.

### **SEPARATE SESSION.**

Alderman Burton, from the Committee on the Fire Department, reported a resolution from the Common Council allowing Capt. J. R. Hamilton to hire horses to aid in working the steam fire engine, which was adopted.

Alderman Duval, from the Committee on the Workhouse, reported a Common Council resolution authorizing the Superintendent of the Workhouse to purchase sufficient brick to pave the "female back yard," at the Workhouse, which was adopted.

Alderman Rousseau, from the Revision Committee, reported a resolution authorizing the Mayor to alter the contract for keeping the public pumps in repair by allowing compensation for curb stones, &c., which was adopted.

Alderman Rousseau, from the same, reported an ordinance from the Common Council to grade, pave with bowlder stones, and curb the unpaved portion of Portland Avenue, from Rowan street to Eton street, in Portland, which was read the second time and duly passed—yeas 6, nays 1.

Alderman Rousseau, from the same, to whom was referred a communication from the City Engineer, in relation to what he has said about the 4 inch bowlders, reported, "that, when this body wishes to know what the Engineer has or has not said, he will be called upon," which was concurred in.

Alderman Burton, from Committee on Public Works, reported a resolution from the Common Council directing the Day Watchman of the Third district to have a nuisance on the lot adjoining the school-house on Walnut street, between Jackson and Hancock, abated, which was adopted.

Alderman Burton, from Committee on Fire Department, reported a resolution authorizing the Mayor to contract for building one four-wheel horse carriage and 500 feet of hose for the Washington Fire Company, which was adopted. Yeas 6, nays 1.

Alderman Howard, from Street Committee of the Western District, reported a resolution from the Common Council authorizing Seventh street, Portland, to be opened as far south as Bank street, which was adopted.

A resolution from the Common Council, allowing Geo. Meadows \$597 50 for cast iron plates, was referred to the Street Committee of the Western District.

A resolution from same, allowing Brawner & Hall

\$135 for paving, was referred to Street Committee of the Eastern District.

A resolution from same, directing the Street Inspector of the Eastern District to repair the gutters on Third street, between Walnut and Chestnut, was read and adopted.

A resolution from the same, allowing Wm. K. Thomas \$250 for keeping city watch-house, &c., from 22d of Feb. to 22d of May, 1857, was read and concurred in.

A resolution from the same, directing the city engineer to report a plan and probable cost of erecting a market-house at some suitable place south of Broadway, between Third and Eighth streets, was read and referred to the Committee on Sinking Fund.

A resolution from the same, authorizing F. Soekswert to transfer butcher stall No. 7 in Market No. 1 to A. J. Powers and Jacob Baab, was referred to same.

An ordinance from the same to grade, pave, and curb the sidewalk on the east side of Sixth street, between Jefferson and Green, was read and referred to the Street Committee of the Western District.

On motion, a resolution was adopted to adjourn until Thursday, June 25th, at 8 o'clock P. M., and then the Board adjourned.

O. H. STRATTAN, Clerk.

**ATROCITIES IN ENGLISH HIGH LIFE.**—CASE OF LORD WESTMEATH.—The Tribune has a notice of an extraordinary scandal lately created in the high circles of English fashionable life. It is the case of a peer of the realm, Lord Westmeath, one of those hereditary legislators who, by the glorious Constitution of England, was permitted during the perpetration of the atrocities we are about to relate to frame and administer laws, and still contribute his wisdom to the National Councils. Within the last fortnight a pamphlet has appeared in London from Lady Westmeath, the wife of this nobleman, containing a story of atrocities and persecutions so extraordinary and incredible that it would be impossible to accord it a shadow of credence were it not sustained in every line by indisputable circumstances and documentary evidence, chiefly taken from judicial records.

The lady is a daughter of the Marquis of Salisbury, one of the noblest houses of England, and has always borne a most pure and irreproachable character; having filled the position of Lady-in-Waiting to the hour of her death to the late Queen Adelaide, who was, like the present sovereign, scrupulously fastidious about the reputation of the ladies who surrounded her. Many of the documents, too, on which the case rests were found among the papers of the late Duke of Wellington, who stands out as rather a prominent figure in this filthy picture, having been contributed by the present Duke, who aids largely in the bringing to light of many dark and hidden things.

By these documents and records it is shown that this hereditary law-maker kicked his noble wife, and beat her in all manner of forms and places—before children, in child-bed, and out of it; blackened her eyes and bruised her breasts; kept her without half of the necessary food and fire, and wholly without money, and outraged every obligation most prized by wife, mother, and woman in the most atrocious way. In one instance, Lord Westmeath attempted, like another Othello, but without his suspicion, to smother her with pillows. Again, when on a visit to Carton, the residence of the Duke of Leinster, and within two months after marriage, when the first warm bloom of love should have scarcely passed, the following panorama of patrician life was exhibited, as pictured on oath by one of the Duke's domestics, a woman named Mackenzie:

"In the course of the night, deponent was awoke by Lady Westmeath running into her room, followed by Lord Westmeath; she was flying from him, and told deponent he had been beating her; he continued first ordering and then begging her to return, and that he would not touch her again; Lady Westmeath at length went back very much frightened, deponent with them; the water-jug had plainly been emptied in the fire, which had been so put out, the bed was in confusion, the clothes pulled off, and lying on the floor."

The epithets which ornamented this endearing scene were quite in keeping, but cannot be printed in our columns. Anxious to cultivate her mind, too, in a manner becoming the wife of a British peer, it appears that he took out of the library at Carton and pressed upon her for perusal a number of works, which she names, of the most filthy and immoral character, for possessing which any book-seller in our city would be indicted, and which, we trust, are not a specimen of the class of literature with which the libraries of British peers are adorned. But this Lord and his lady are not the only characters in this drama. It appears that the Dowager Lady Westmeath, his Lordship's mother (a little circumstance which may account for the character of the hero and the whole of this foul affair) endeavored to induce her daughter to repeat upon no less a personage than the Duke of Wellington the part of Mrs. Potiphar with Joseph, for the purpose of advancing the political interests of her son; and when the wife expostulated, her Lord's answer was, "Oh, my poor, dear mother, she didn't know what a square-toe she was talking to when she said that to you." Lady Westmeath adds: "Lord Westmeath is still alive and will deny this; but I solemnly declare it to be truth, and that I write this as if I thought myself on my death-bed, and looking forward to every syllable having to be tested in the world to come."

And when this outraged woman threatened to return to her mother, the Marquess of Salisbury, and claim the protection of her mother, home the answer was, with his fist clenched and shaking it in her face: "She give you a house and home? She dare not! She knows she is under my thumb, and that, if she did, the whole of her life for the last forty years would come before the public." Next follow a number of details too horrible for publication, revealing, on the part of this British peer, a scientific existences of debauchery which surpasses anything ever written in the pages of Den or born in the prurient imagination of Eugene Sue.

What a picture does all this present of moral England, that home of all domestic virtues and domestic innocence! Nor, it is said, is this a solitary instance. Already in the clubs and saloons of London, scandal whispers a hundred similar scenes in high life which this exposure may hurry into light; and public opinion seems unanimously to ratify that portion of the judgment of Sir J. Nichol, who tried this cause, in which he says: "It is much to be feared that husband and wife, particularly among the higher ranks, who, from education or habit, have more command over their external behavior, often appear to the world to be mutually civil and kind, when at home, as in this case, they are mutually ill at ease; and many a wife in England is obliged to wear a countenance cheerful and clad in smiles who carries under it an aching heart."

Such pictures, however degrading to our common humanity and horrible to dwell on, may not be without a compensating result. Mrs. Norton and Lady Bulwer, seeing the tide of opinion up and angry, have again published the story of their wrongs and given impulse to its swell. From the publication of Lady Westmeath's pamphlet may be dated the enactment of a new law, which will give to women in England at least protection from wrong, and shield many an innocent heart from sorrow and from suffering.

[For the Louisville Bulletin.]

**HON. W. F. BULLOCK.**—Dear Sir: Understanding that some doubt exists whether an election can be had at the ensuing August election to fill the vacancy occasioned by my resignation, and it having been my intention to resign so that an election might be held then, I now tender you my resignation as clerk of the Jefferson Circuit Court, to take effect on the 15th July, prox.

Yours, respectfully, HENRY J. LYONS.

Friday, June 19, 1857.

**DRAW BEAVER AND PEARL CASSIMERE HATS.**—Very light and fine, ready for our sales this morning. PRATHER, SMITH, & CO., 455 Main st.

**THE PRETTIEST AND FINEST SPRING STYLE DRESS HAT** is to be had of PRATHER, SMITH, & CO., 455 Main st.

**RICH SILVER WARE.**—A beautiful assortment of richly engraved Pickles, Salt Cellars, Egg Stands, &c., all in Morocco cases. JOHN KITT'S & CO., 455 Main st.

**WHITE TEETH, PERFUMED BREATH, AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION**—can be acquired by using the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers." What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath, when the use of "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentifrice would not only render it sweet, but leave the teeth white as alabaster, and the subject so delicate their friends will never mention it. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure each bottle is signed VETTRIDGE & CO., N. Y.

For sale by all Druggists, J. S. Morris & Son, genls. Louisville, Ky. apr 21 1856 & weekly

**CAWTHON'S EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR** BY THE SINGLE BARREL OR QUANTITY ALWAYS ON HAND AT THE BROADWAY MILLS. J. B. JENNINGS, SEN. E. CAWTHON.

**PICTURES.** 477 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

**HARRIS'S GALLERY** feb 12 daily may 23 bly

**COAL! COAL! COAL!** THE subscriber, thankful for the patronage extended to him by his friends and the public generally, respectfully informs them that he has just opened a COAL YARD CORNER OF NINTH AND GREEN STREETS, where he is prepared to fill all orders for Power and Pit-burnt Coal at the lowest market prices.

Offices also on the west side of Third street, between Market and Jefferson, on Market, between Jackson and Hancock, and Fulton between Preston and Floyd streets. mar 5 1856 J. B. JENNINGS.

**Dr. King's Dispensary.** DR. A. KING, a practitioner of New York for the last thirty years, has opened a Dispensary on Market, bet. First and Second, nearly opposite the Graham House, Louisville, for the treatment of Private Diseases, such as Gonorrhea, Syphilis, and all diseases of the skin and other derangements growing out of neglect or imperfect cure. His long experience and success enable him to act with confidence. All those who may confide their cases to him, may rest assured of having the disease effectually cured and every vestige of the difficulties perfectly eradicated from their constitutions.

Structures of old or recent date effectually cured in a few days by an operation which causes no pain. Where a stricture exists, general derangement of the whole constitution must ensue, a continuance of which will bring on a train of symptoms to be dreaded, and will undermine the constitution and cause premature old age.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS.—Particular attention will be given to this disease and all the consequences growing out of it, brought on, in many cases, by the destructive habits of intemperance and excessive indulgence of the passions. Dr. King's Dispensary, rendering the subject unfit for either business or society, and causing premature old age.

Persons abroad, by writing and stating their cases, will receive enclosed (post-paid), can have the medicine sent to their address, with necessary directions for using the same. The strictest secrecy observed in all cases. alt 1856 J. B. JENNINGS.

Office hours at the Dispensary from 9 o'clock in the morning until 5 o'clock in the evening. as weekly

**Magazines for July.** GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK AND GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE for July (price of each 50c.) at CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Fourth st., near Market.

**New Books.** THE Life and Public Services of Dr. Lewis F. Linn, for ten years a senator of the U. S. from the state of Missouri. Price \$2. The Life of Charlotte Bronte, author of Jane Eyre, Shirley, Villette, &c., by E. C. Gaskell. 2 vols. Price \$1.50.

Dynevor Terrace, or the Clue of Life, by the author of the Herd of Redclyffe. 2 vols. \$1.50. Bryant's Poems, illustrated by Gustave Doré. Price 88c. Dred Scott Case. Price 50c. Just received and for sale by CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Fourth st., near Market.

**Quaintness, Satire, and Amusement.** JUST PUBLISHED.—KNAVES AND FOOLS, or THE HISTORY OF HONORABLE A SATIRICAL NOVEL OF LONDON LIFE; by E. M. WHITTY (The Stranger in Parliament). A handsome 12mo volume, bound in cloth and illustrated. 430 pages. Price \$1.25.

A PA of old produced a marked sensation in the literary circles of Great Britain by a series of satirical papers published in the London Times, under the nom de plume of "The Stranger in Parliament," which have gained for him the most enviable notoriety of being one of the most powerful political essayists in Europe and a satirist of great vigor and strength. This, his first complete work, is

A SATIRICAL NOVEL of the most brilliant character, combining a ray exposure of certain literary and artistic circles in London, together with a full and complete exposure of the "quaintness and innuendo" of the "Christie Johnstone" and "Peg Woffington" of Charles Reade.

For sale by C. HAGAN & CO., Main street.

**PORTABLE FORGES.** For Jewellers, Copper-smiths, Millers, Planters, Rail-road Builders, and every Mechanic. Also a general assortment of Mechanics' Tools wholesale and retail by A. McBRIDE, No. 61 Third street, between Market and Main, where every thing in the hardware line may at any time be obtained at the lowest prices.

**Harvesting Tools.** SCYTHES, Cradles, Sickles, Rakes, Grass Hooks, Hay, Straw, and Manure Forks, Pruning Knives, Saws, and Chisels, &c. For sale wholesale and retail at the lowest prices. A. McBRIDE, No. 61 Third street, June 16 1857.

**New Books.** THINE and Mine, or the Stepmother's Reward, by Flora Neale. Price \$1. Adam Graeme, of Mosgray, a Novel, by Mrs. Oliphant, author of Zaidie. Price \$1.50.

Little Dorrit, by Charles Dickens. Price 50c. Marie Louise, or the Opposite Neighbors, by Miss Emily Carlen. Price 35c.

New edition of Currer Bell's Works—Jane Eyre, Shirley, and Villette. Price \$1.50. New edition of Captain Marryat's Novels, embracing Peter Simple, Jacob Faithful, Naval Officer, Midshipman Easy, King's Own, Racha of Many Tales, Snarley-Yow, and Newton Forester. Price of each \$1. Just received and for sale by CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Fourth street, near Market.

**CARPETS! CARPETS!** IN VELVET, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY, 3-PLY, INGRAIN, COMMON ALL WOOL, AND COTTON CHAIN CARPETS AT VERY LOW PRICES. C. DUVAL & CO., Main st., opposite Bank of Kentucky.

**FANS!** RIBBONS! MOURNING MANTLES! DRESS SILKS, at cost! CRACKLES! WHITE GOODS! ROBES! ROBES! EMBROIDERIES! LACE MANTLES! BEREAVES! ORG. DIES! OLD LAWS!

MARTIN & PENTON, 96 Fourth street, are now in receipt of a fresh importation of the above goods, purchased within the past week, direct from the East, to which they call special attention.

Servants' Goods: Gloves and Hosiery; Domestic of every kind; Mourning Goods; Long and short Net Mitts; Irish Linens (cheap); Lace and Garter Veils; Hoop and Patent Skirts; Bonnet and Heliobonnet, &c., &c. Of which we have a fine assortment and offer at low prices. J. B. JENNINGS.

**Canvassers Wanted.** FOR BENTON'S Abridgement of the Debates of Congress and Benton's Cyclopaedia of Wit and Humor. Permanent employment for several years. None but men of ability (of whom references will be required) need apply. For sale at CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Fourth st.

Exclusive agents for the above and all other subscription works published by D. Appleton & Co., New York.

**SOFT HATS.**—We are this morning in receipt of a large stock of the different styles, qualities, and colors, and for sale cheap. PRATHER, SMITH, & CO., 455 Main st.

**LADIES' RIDING HATS** just received at 455 Main st. by PRATHER, SMITH, & CO.

An old friend says: "For ten years I have bought my stationery, and school books, such as First, Second, Third, and Fourth Readers, grammars and dictionaries, primers and spellers, arithmetics and histories, my blank memorandum and pass books, copy and ciphering books, letter, cap, and note paper, business and note envelopes, slates and slate pencils, playing cards and bonnet boards, ink and inkstands, steel pens and pen-holders of C. Hagan & Co., 507 Main street, between Third and Fourth." It's the place to get your money back. Uniform low prices, excelled by no other house. Quantities sold to suit purchasers and every satisfaction guaranteed and rendered to customers. Grocery, confectionery, and drug houses, who buy to sell again, will consult their own interest by giving Hagan & Co. a call. J. B. JENNINGS.







